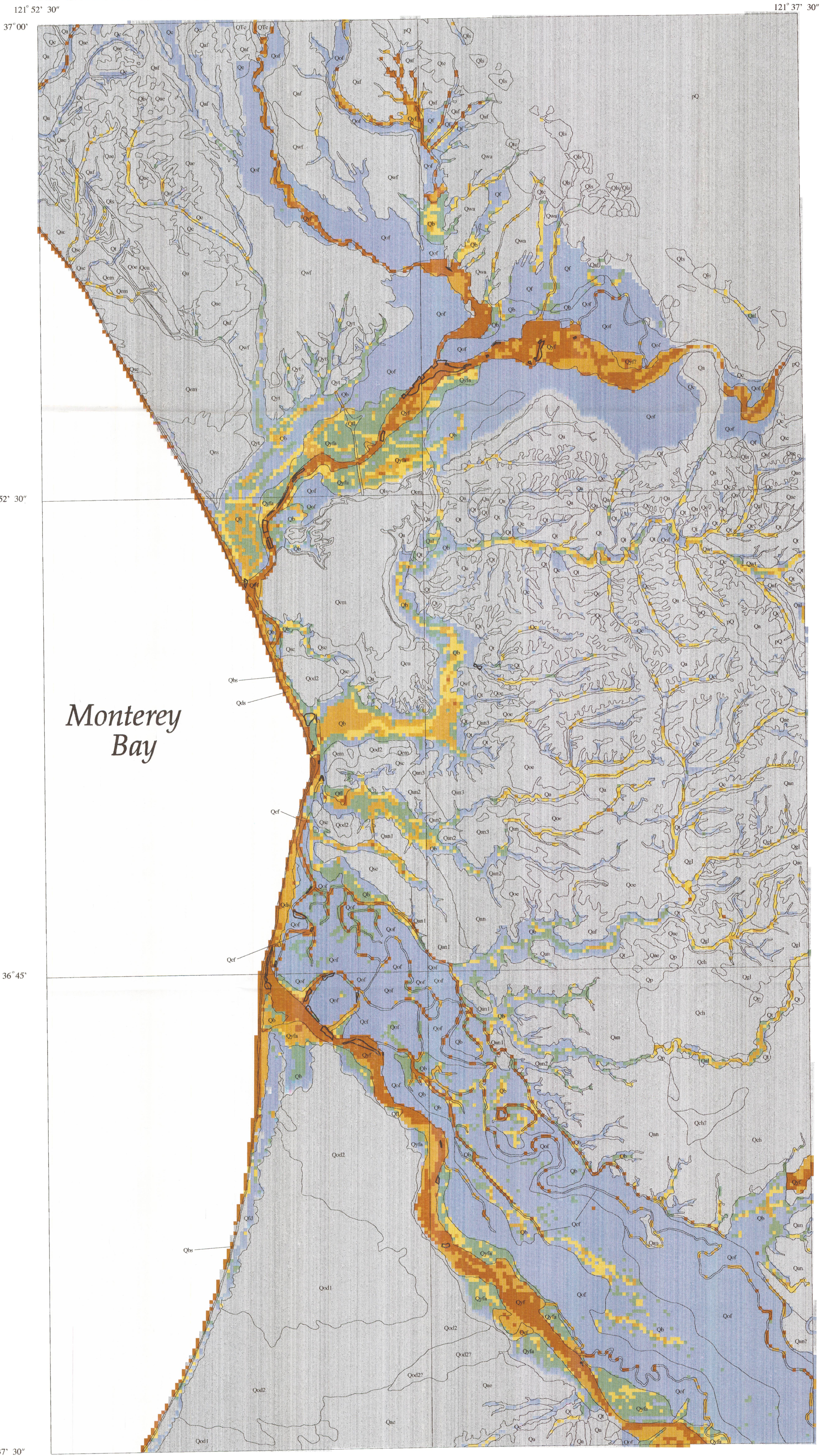
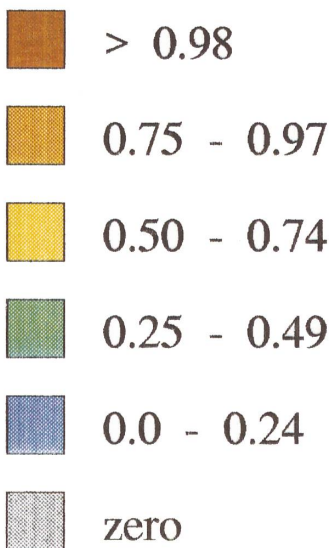


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY



EXPLANATION

SUSCEPTIBILITY (0-1 scale)



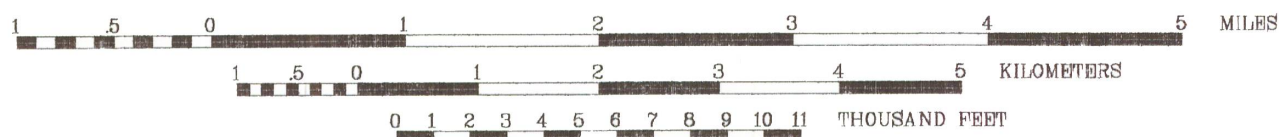
- Geologic contacts
- ▤ Lateral spreads in the 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake

Map Symbol	Description of Geologic Unit	Sedimentary Facies
Qbs	Beach sand	beach
Qds	Dune sand	collan
Qfd	older dunes	collan
Qb	Basin deposits	overbank
Qul	Uncliff alluvium	channel & overbank
Qf	Alluvial fan depts.	alluvial fan
Qyf	Younger floodplain	channel & point bar
Qya	Thin veneer of Qyf	levee & overbank
Qof	Older floodplain	overbank
Qc	Colluvium	hillslope deposit
Qcf	Channel fill	channel
Qfl	Artificial fill	varied
Qls	Landslide deposits	hillslope debris
Qsd1	Younger coastal dunes	collan
Qsd2	Older coastal dunes	collan
Qch	Alluvial fan: Chualar	alluvial fan
Qt	Terrace, undiff.	fluvial, undiff.
Qes	Sunset Beach	collan
Qyt	Younger terraces	paludal
Qoc	Older collan deposits	collan
Qic	Castroville terrace	fluvial, undiff.
Qan1	Antisch Terrace	fluvial, undiff.
Qan2	Antisch Terrace	fluvial, undiff.
Qan3	Antisch Terrace	fluvial, undiff.
Qem	Manassah dunes	collan
Qwf	Watsonville fm.	fluvial, undiff.
Qwa	Watsonville fan	alluvial fan
Qsc	Santa Cruz mar. ter.	marine, fluvial
Qp	Placerias fan depts.	alluvial fan
Qcu	Coastal ter., undiff.	marine, fluvial
Qa	Aromas sand	collan, fluvial, undiff.
Qac	Aromas, collan	collan
Qaf	Aromas, fluvial	fluvial
Qgl	Gloria Fan deposits	alluvial fan
QTC	Continental deposits	nonmarine, undiff.
PQ	Pre-Quaternary, undiff.	sed., ign., meta. rocks

* identification uncertain where queried on map

Base from U.S. Geological Survey California 7.5' quadrangles Watsonville West, Watsonville East, Moss Landing, Prunedale, Marina, and Salinas.
Projection: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 10;
grid size: 420 x 230; grid origin: 600,000 4,053,600;
map cell size: 100 m; number of non-null cells: 75,072

SCALE 1:62500



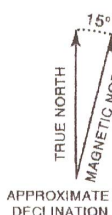
Geology from W.R. Dupré and J.C. Tinsley, 1980. Locations of 1989 Loma Prieta lateral spreads from J.C. Tinsley. Nonzero susceptibility values, S_p , from combination of four digital maps—sand content (%), distance to surface water (m), average age (yrs BP), and ground slope (%)—by the regression equation $S_p = 4.8 \text{ sand} - 0.56 \text{ distance} - 0.95 \text{ log age} - 0.28 \text{ in slope}$.
GIS by G. Phelps

Susceptibility to Earthquake-Induced Lateral-Spread Ground Failure in the Monterey Bay Area, California

By

Richard J. Pike, Richard L. Bernknopf, John C. Tinsley III, and Robert K. Mark

1994



This report is preliminary and has not been reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or with the North American Stratigraphic Code. Any use of trade, product, or firm names is for descriptive purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the U.S. Government.

For sale by U.S. Geological Survey, Denver, Colorado 80225 or Reston, Virginia 22092